DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE

NOTICE OF PROPOSED AMENDMENTS

- 1) Heading of the Part: Non-Home Rule Municipal Retailers' Occupation Tax
- 2) <u>Code Citation</u>: 86 III. Adm. Code 693
- 3) <u>Section Numbers</u>: <u>Proposed Actions</u>:

693.101 Amendment 693.105 Amendment 693.130 Amendment

- 4) <u>Statutory Authority</u>: Implementing the Non-Home Rule Municipal Retailers' Occupation Tax Act [65 ILCS 5/8-11-1.3] and authorized by Section 2505-15 of the Civil Administrative Code of Illinois. (Department of Revenue Law) [20 ILCS 2505/2505-15].
- A Complete Description of the Subjects and Issues Involved: This rulemaking incorporates the technical changes made by P.A. 100-117, effective January 1, 2019, related to how these rules describe the exemption of low-rate items from these local taxes. It also reflects the changes made by P.A. 101-0010, effective June 5, 2019, and P.A. 101-604, effective December 13, 2019, exempting aviation fuel from the Non-Home Rule Municipal Retailers' Occupation Tax and providing new references regarding the low-rate items. This rulemaking reflects the recent changes made by P.A. 103-0781, effective August 5, 2024, removing the referendum approval requirement for imposing local taxes.
- 6) <u>Published studies or reports, and sources of underlying data, used to compose</u> this rulemaking: None
- 7) Will this proposed rulemaking replace an emergency rule currently in effect? No
- 8) Does this rulemaking contain an automatic repeal date? No
- 9) Does this proposed rulemaking contain incorporations by reference? No
- 10) Are there any other proposed rulemakings pending on this Part? No
- 11) <u>Statement of Statewide Policy Objectives</u>: These rules do not create or enlarge a mandate as described in Section 3(b) of the State Mandates Act.
- 12) <u>Time, Place, and Manner in which interested persons may comment on this proposed rulemaking</u>: Persons who wish to submit comments on this proposed

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE

NOTICE OF PROPOSED AMENDMENTS

rulemaking may submit them in writing by no later than 45 days after publication of this Notice to:

Kimberly Rossini
Illinois Department of Revenue
Legal Services Office
101 West Jefferson
Springfield, Illinois 62794

REV.GCO@Illinois.gov (217) 782-2844

- 13) <u>Initial Regulatory Flexibility Analysis:</u>
 - A) Types of small businesses, small municipalities and not for profit corporations affected: Persons making sales of aviation fuel at retail are affected.
 - B) Reporting, bookkeeping or other procedures required for compliance: Basic accounting and computer skills.
 - C) <u>Types of professional skills necessary for compliance</u>: Basic accounting and computer skills.
- 14) Small Business Impact Analysis:
 - A) Types of businesses subject to the proposed rule:
 - 42 Wholesale Trade
 - 44-45 Retail Trade
 - 48-49 Transportation and Warehousing
 - 92 Public Administration
 - B) <u>Categories that the agency reasonably believes the rulemaking will impact, including:</u>
 - viii. record keeping
- 15) Regulatory Agenda on which this rulemaking was summarized: July 2024

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE

NOTICE OF PROPOSED AMENDMENTS

The full text of the Proposed Amendments begins on the next page:

Section 693.101 Nature of the Non-Home Rule Municipal Retailers' Occupation Tax

- a) Authority to Impose Tax
 - 1) Pursuant to the Non-Home Rule Municipal Retailers' Occupation
 Tax Act [65 ILCS 5/8-11-1.3], the corporate authorities of a nonhome rule municipality may impose a tax upon all persons engaged
 in the business of selling tangible personal property, other than on
 an item of tangible personal property which is titled and registered
 by an agency of this State's government, at retail in the municipality
 for expenditure on public infrastructure or for property tax relief or
 both as defined in Section 8-11-1.2 if until August 5, 2024,
 approved by referendum, or if, on or after August 5, 2024, approved
 by ordinance or resolution as provided in Section 8-11-1.1 on the
 gross receipts from such sales made in the course of such
 business.

On and after January 1, 2002, the corporate authorities of a nonhome rule municipality are authorized by the Non-Home Rule Municipal Retailers' Occupation Tax Act [65 ILCS 5/8-11-1.3] to impose the Non-Home Rule Municipal Retailers' Occupation Tax on all persons engaged in the business of selling tangible personal property, other than an item of tangible personal property that is titled and registered by an agency of this State's government, at retail in the municipality on the gross receipts from sales made in the course of the business within the municipality, if a proposition for the tax has been submitted to the electors of that municipality and approved by a majority of those voting on the question. If imposed, the tax shall be imposed at a rate of not more than, through December 31, 2005, ½%, and, beginning on January 1, 2006, 1%, for expenditure on public infrastructure or property tax relief or both as defined in Section 8-11-1.2 of the Illinois Municipal Code. The tax may not be imposed on the sale of food for human consumption that is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold (other than alcoholic beverages, soft drinks and food that has been prepared for immediate consumption) and prescription and non-prescription medicines, drugs, medical appliances and insulin,

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE

NOTICE OF PROPOSED AMENDMENTS

urine testing materials, syringes and needles used by diabetics. The tax imposed by the corporate authorities under the Non-Home Rule Municipal Retailers' Occupation Tax Act and this Part, and all civil penalties that may be assessed as an incident of that Act or this Part, may be imposed only in ½% increments and shall be collected and enforced by the Illinois Department of Revenue (Department).

- <u>The tax imposed may not be more than 1% and may be imposed only in ¼% increments.</u>
- 3) If the tax is approved by referendum on or after July 14, 2010, and until August 5, 2024, the corporate authorities of a non-home rule municipality may, until July 1, 2030, use the proceeds of the tax for expenditure or municipal operations, in addition to or in lieu of any expenditure on public infrastructure or for property tax relief. [65] ILCS 5/8-11-1.3] If the tax is approved by ordinance or resolution on or after August 5, 2024, the corporate authorities of a non-home rule municipality, may until July 1, 2030, use the proceeds of the tax for expenditure on municipal operations, in addition to or in lieu of any expenditure on public infrastructure or for property tax relief.
- 4) The tax may not be imposed on tangible personal property taxed at the 1% rate under the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act [35 ILCS 120]. [65 ILCS 5/8-11-1.3] For guidance on the types of tangible personal property taxed at the 1% rate, see 86 III. Adm. Code 130.310 and 130.311.
- Beginning December 1, 2019, this tax is not imposed on sales of aviation fuel unless the tax revenue is expended for airport-related purposes. If a municipality does not have an airport-related purpose to which it dedicates aviation fuel tax revenue, then aviation fuel is excluded from the tax. Each municipality must comply with the certification requirements for airport-related purposes under Section 2-22 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act [35 ILCS 120]. [65 ILCS 5/8-11-1.3] "Aviation fuel" means jet fuel and aviation gasoline. [35 ILCS 120/3] "Airport-related purposes" has the meaning ascribed in Section 6z-20.2 of the State Finance Act [30 ILCS 105]. This exclusion for aviation fuel only applies for

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE

NOTICE OF PROPOSED AMENDMENTS

so long as the revenue use requirements of 49 U.S.C. 47107(b) and 49 U.S.C. 47133 are binding on the municipality.

- 6) The tax imposed by a municipality pursuant to this Section and all civil penalties that may be assessed as an incident thereof shall be collected and enforced by the Department of Revenue. [65 ILCS 5/8-11-1.3]
- b) Passing on the Tax The legal incidence of the Non-Home Rule Municipal Retailers' Occupation Tax is on the seller. Nevertheless, the General Assembly has authorized persons subject to this tax to reimburse themselves for their seller's tax liability by separately stating such tax as an additional charge, which charge may be stated in combination, in a single amount, with State tax which sellers are required to collect under the Use Tax Act [35 ILCS 105], pursuant to such bracket schedules as the Department has prescribed. [65 ILCS 5/8-11-1.3] persons subject to any tax imposed pursuant to the authority granted in the Non-Home Rule Municipal Retailers' Occupation Tax Act to reimburse themselves for their Non-Home Rule Municipal Retailers' Occupation Tax liability by separately stating the tax as an additional charge, which charge may be stated in combination, in a single amount, with State tax that sellers are required to collect under the Use Tax Act [35 ILCS 105], pursuant to the bracket schedules the Department has prescribed (Seesee 86 III. Adm. Code 150.Table A).
- c) Exclusion from "Gross Receipts"

 Any amount added to the selling price of tangible personal property by the seller because of a Non-Home Rule Municipal Retailers' Occupation Tax, or because of the Illinois Retailers' Occupation Tax—[35 ILCS 120], the Use Tax Act, or any other local occupation tax administered by the Department Illinois Use Tax [35 ILCS 105], the Metro East Mass—Transit District Retailers' Occupation Tax [70 ILCS 3610/5.01], the Regional Transportation Authority Retailers' Occupation Tax [70 ILCS 3615/4.03] or the County Water Commission Retailers' Occupation Tax—[70 ILCS 3720/4(b)], and collected from the purchaser, shall not be regarded as a part of the seller's gross receipts that are subject to such the Non-Home Rule Municipal Retailers' Occupation Tax.

((Source:	Amended at 49 III. Reg.	, effective

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE

NOTICE OF PROPOSED AMENDMENTS

Section 693.105 Registration and Returns

- a) Separate Registration notNet Required
 A retailer's registration under the Illinois Retailers' Occupation Tax Act [35 ILCS 120] is sufficient for the purposes of the Non-Home Rule Municipal Retailers' Occupation Tax Act. No special registration for athe Non-Home Rule Municipal Retailers' Occupation Tax Act is required.
- b) Requirements as to Returns
 - 1) The information required for the Non-Home Rule Municipal Retailers' Occupation Tax shall be furnished on the Retailers' Occupation Tax return form filed by the retailer.
 - If the retailer files <u>itshis Illinois</u> Retailers' Occupation Tax returns on the gross receipts basis, <u>the retailerhe</u> must <u>also</u> report <u>its</u> Non-Home Rule Municipal Retailers' Occupation Tax information in <u>itshis</u> returns on the <u>gross receiptssame</u> basis. If the retailer files <u>itshis Illinois</u> Retailers' Occupation Tax returns on the gross sales basis, <u>the retailerhe</u> must <u>also</u> report Non-Home Rule Municipal Retailers' Occupation Tax information in <u>itshis</u> returns on the gross sales basis.
 - 3) If applicable, aviation fuel tax returns shall be field in accordance with Section 3 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act and 86 Ill. Adm. Code 130.541, except that the retailer's discount is not allowed for taxes paid on aviation fuel that are subject to the revenue use requirements of 49 U.S.C. 47107(b) and 49 U.S.C. 47133. [65 ILCS 5/8-11-1.3] (See also 86 Ill. Adm. Code 693.101(a)(5)).

(Source:	Amended a	at 49 III. Reg.	, effective	
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Section 693.130 Ordinance Filing Deadlines; When Tax Rate Change Applies

a) Beginning January 1, 2014, if an ordinance or resolution imposing the tax under this Section, discontinuing the tax under this Section, or effecting a change in the rate of tax under this Section is adopted, a certified copy of the ordinance or resolution, together with a certification that the ordinance or resolution received referendum approval in the case of the imposition of

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE

NOTICE OF PROPOSED AMENDMENTS

or increase in the rate of the tax, shall be filed with the Department of Revenue, either.

- 1) on or before the first day of May, whereupon the Department shall proceed to administer and enforce the ordinance as of the first day of July next following the adoption and filing; or
- on or before the first day of October, whereupon the Department shall proceed to administer and enforce the ordinance as of the first day of January next following the adoption and filing. [65 ILCS 5/8-11-1.1(cb)]
- b) Until August 5, 2024, the effective date of P.A. 103-0781, in the case of the imposition of or increase in the tax rate, the corporate authorities must also file a certification that the ordinance or resolution received referendum approval.
- c) For purposes of determining which tax rate applies, the date of the sale is deemed to be the date of the delivery of the property.

(Source: Amended at 49 III. Reg, effective	
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