Read this information first

Write your name as shown on Form IL-1040

This schedule must be completed if you did not receive a Receipt for Qualified Education Expenses from your students' school, or if you file electronically, and you want to take a credit for qualified education expenses on Form IL-1040, Individual Income Tax Return.



You may not include expenses paid to a daycare, preschool, college, university, independent tutoring service, or trade school when figuring this credit.

In order for your education expense credit to be properly processed, you must write on your Form IL-1040,

- Line 21a, the total amount of education expenses paid for your students during the calendar year, (Schedule ED, Step 2, Line 1), and
- Line 21b, the amount of your education expense credit (Schedule ED, Step 2, Line 10).

Write your Social Security number

Step 1: Provide the following information	
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	Student's name	Social Security number	Grade (K-12 only)	School name	School city (IL only)	Total tuitio
2						
		·				
		·				
		·				
		·				
		·				
•	of your education expense	lab fees" column of any addition s for this year. Write this amount	t here and on L	ine 21a of your Form IL-1040.	1	250.00
2	You may not figure a credit f	or the first \$250 paid for your qu	alifying student	s' education expenses.	2\$	250.00
3	Subtract Line 2 from Line 1.	This is the total amount of your	qualified educa	tion expenses.	3	
4	Multiply the amount on Line	3 by 25% (.25).			4	
5	Write the amount of your tax	from Form IL-1040, Line 15.			5	
6	Write the amount of credit for	or tax paid to other states from F	orm IL-1040, L	ine 19.	6	
7	Write the amount of property tax credit from Form IL-1040, Line 20b.				7	
8	Add Lines 6 and 7.				8	
9	Subtract Line 8 from Line 5.				9	
10		. Compare the amounts on Line redit. Write the lesser amount he			10	

Schedule ED Credit for Qualified Education Expenses

General Information

What is the purpose of Schedule ED?

Schedule ED, Credit for Qualified Education Expenses, allows you to figure the amount of credit that you may claim for qualified education expenses paid for your students who were in kindergarten through twelfth grade during the tax year.

You may claim this credit on Line 21b of your Form IL-1040, Individual Income Tax Return.

Am I eligible to claim an education expense credit?

You are eligible to claim an education expense credit if you are an Illinois resident and the parent or legal guardian of a student who meets **all** of the qualifications listed below.

Your student must have

- been enrolled in kindergarten through twelfth grade, and
- been a full-time student, and
- been an Illinois resident, and
- attended an Illinois school, and
- been under the age of 21 at the close of the school year.

If you are the parents or legal guardians of a qualified student and you are filing separate Illinois returns, only one of you may claim the education expense credit.

=Note Do not include expenses you paid for a child to attend daycare, preschool, college, university, independent tutoring service, or trade school during the tax year.

How much credit will I be allowed?

You may be allowed 25 percent of your students' qualified education expenses. Your total credit may not exceed \$500 in any year, regardless of the number of qualifying students.

What are qualified education expenses?

Qualified education expenses are the expenses you paid in excess of \$250 for

- tuition for your students' enrollment in kindergarten through twelfth grade (including summer school);
- book fees for the use of books that were required as part of your students' participation in a course in the school's education program; and
- lab fees for the use of supplies, equipment, materials, or instruments that were required as part of your students' participation in a lab course in the school's education program.

For example: If you **rented** a musical instrument **from the school** (not from a business)

- for a class, or
- for participation in an extracurricular activity

that resulted in a credit toward completion of the school's education program, this rental expense would qualify as an education expense.

What education expenses do not qualify?

The education expenses that do not qualify include

expenses paid for students to attend daycares, preschools,

- colleges, universities, independent tutoring services, or trade
- expenses paid for students who attend kindergarten programs run by daycare or early childhood learning centers.
- expenses paid for students who turned 21 years old before completing the school year.
 - **For example:** A student is 20 years old at the beginning of a school year semester and turns 21 before completing that semester, the expenses paid for that semester do not qualify.
- expenses paid for before and after school child care.
- expenses paid for the purchase of supplies, books, or equipment that are not significantly used up during the school year, e.g., purchasing musical instruments, costumes for a play.
- expenses paid for athletic equipment if the program does not result in a credit towards completion of the school's education program.
- expenses paid directly to a business, e.g., renting a musical instrument from a music store, buying a book from a retail store.

Should I complete Schedule ED if I received a Receipt for Qualified Education Expenses from the school?

If you received a receipt from the school where your student was enrolled and it contained **all of the information** identified below, it is not necessary to complete Schedule ED, unless you file electronically. Complete the Education Expense Worksheet in the Form IL-1040 Instructions and attach a copy of your receipt to your Form IL-1040.

The receipt you received from the school must contain

- the calendar year during which you paid the education expenses,
- the name and address of the school,
- the name and address of the parent or legal guardian,
- the name and Social Security number of each qualifying student,
- the grade in which each student was enrolled during the calendar vear.
- a list of education expenses paid for each student for tuition, book fees, and lab fees during the calendar year, and
- the total of all such education expenses.

If the receipt does not contain all the information required, you should complete a Schedule ED, Credit for Qualified Education Expenses, and attach the schedule to your return.

What schools qualify as Illinois schools?

Any Illinois school that satisfies the requirement of Section 26-1 of the School Code and, if required, is in compliance with Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 qualifies as an Illinois school. Private schools providing educational instruction in the home that satisfy the requirements of Section 26-1 of the School Code also qualify as Illinois schools.

Illinois schools include

- public schools,
- nonpublic schools,
- home schools,
- elementary schools,
- middle schools,
- junior high schools, and
- high schools.

What schools do not qualify when figuring an education expense credit?

Illinois schools that do not qualify when figuring your credit include:

- daycares,
- preschools,
- colleges,
- universities,
- independent tutoring services, and
- trade schools.

When may I claim the education expense credit?

You may claim the education expense credit only in the tax year (calendar year) in which the expenses were actually paid. Any part of the education expense credit not claimed or allowed in the tax year **may not** be claimed in any other tax year.

Example 1: If your child attended first grade in the 2002-2003 school year and attended second grade in the 2003-2004 school year, you will figure the education expenses for January through December of 2003. Any summer school expenses for 2003 should be included. Any expenses you paid prior to January 1, 2003, should have been figured in the education expense credit for 2002, and any expenses paid after December 31, 2003, should be figured in the education credit for 2004.

Example 2: If your child attended kindergarten in the morning and daycare in the afternoon during the 2003-2004 school year, you cannot include the daycare as an education expense. You may, however, figure any kindergarten expenses paid during 2003, which would typically include the months of August through December of 2003 for schools using a traditional school calendar.

What must I attach to Form IL-1040?

You must attach either the Receipt for Qualified Education Expenses you received from your students' school or a completed Schedule ED to your Form IL-1040.

What if I need additional forms or schedules?

If you need additional forms or schedules,

- visit our Web site at www.lLtax.com;
- call our Illinois Tax Fax at 217 785-3400;
- call our 24-hour Forms Order Line at 1 800 356-6302; or
- write to us at P.O. Box 19010, Springfield, Illinois 62794-9010.

You may use our toll-free number or our Illinois Tax Fax to order forms 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.

<u>=Note</u> For more detailed information about this credit, go to our Web site and refer to Informational Bulletins FY 2000-17, Education Expense Credit for Schools, FY 2000-19, Education Expense Credit for Individuals, or Publication 112, Education Expense Credit General Rules and Requirements for Schools.

What if I need additional assistance?

If you need assistance,

- visit our Web site at www.lLtax.com;
- call our Taxpayer Assistance Division at 1 800 732-8866 or 217 782-3336; or
- call our TDD (telecommunications device for the deaf) at 1 800 544-5304.

Our office hours are 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. Monday through Friday.

Specific Instructions

Step 1: Provide the following information

Write your name and Social Security number as shown on your Form IL-1040.

Step 2: Figure your credit

Line 1 – Complete all columns for each of your qualifying students in kindergarten through twelfth grade (K-12). Write your students'

- name.
- Social Security number,
- grade in school, (see ﷺ Note Note below)
- school name,
- school city (Illinois only), and
- total amount of tuition, book fees, and lab fees for the tax year.

=Note If you paid education expenses for your student to more than one school during the calendar year, please list the information on separate lines.

If you need more lines, please attach a separate sheet of paper following the same format as Step 2.

When completing the "Grade" column, write the highest grade (K through 12) your student attended during the tax year. If the school does not utilize K through 12 grade levels, write your student's approximate grade level.

Add the amounts in the "**Total tuition, book/lab fees**" column for Lines 1a through 1g and the amounts from the "Total tuition, book/lab fees" column of any additional pages you attach. This is the total amount of education expenses for this year.

Write the total amount on this line and on Form IL-1040, Line 21a.

Line 2 – The amount of \$250 is written on Line 2 because you must deduct the first \$250 in education expenses when figuring your education expense credit.

Line 3 – Follow the instructions on the form.

Line 4 – Multiply the amount on Line 3 by 25 percent. You may be allowed 25 percent of the qualified education expenses you paid during the tax year.

Lines 5 through 10 – Follow the instructions on the form.

=Note Your total credit amount shall not exceed \$500 in any tax year, regardless of the number of qualifying students. Any credit amount that exceeds your tax liability will not be refunded and may not be used in another tax year.

<u>=Note</u> Attach the completed Schedule ED to your Form IL-1040 if you did not receive a receipt for Qualified Education Expenses from your students' school, or if you file electronically, and you are claiming an education expense credit.