## RPU-13-X Worksheet A

See instructions and example before you begin. Keep your completed worksheet(s) with your books and records.

## Step 1: Figure the number of taxable kilowatt-hours (kwh)

a Write the total number of kilowatt-hours distributed.
a $\qquad$
b Write your deductions (only tax-exempt kilowatt-hours you included on Line a.)
1 Kilowatt-hours distributed in interstate commerce
2 Kilowatt-hours to be rebilled
b1
b2 $\qquad$

3 Other
Description
Kilowatt-hours

Total "other" deductions

C
d $\qquad$
e $\qquad$
f $\qquad$
g $\qquad$
h $\qquad$
i $\qquad$
j $\qquad$
k $\qquad$
I $\qquad$
m $\qquad$
n $\qquad$

0 $\qquad$

## RPU-13-X Worksheet B

You must complete Worksheet B if you are a self-assessing purchaser (i.e., you purchase electricity for nonresidential use and are registered to pay the Electricity Excise Tax directly to us).

## Part a: Total purchase price

This is the amount you were billed for electricity distributed, supplied, furnished, sold, transmitted, or delivered to you during this reporting period.

## Part b: Describe your deductions.

a $\qquad$
$\square$

For each deduction you take, you must describe the deduction and write the total cost. If you are taking a deduction for a Department of Commerce and Community Affairs-certified enterprise zone business, write the business' name under "Description."
$\qquad$


## Total deductions:

## Part c: Subtract Line b from Line a.

b $\qquad$
c $\qquad$

Part d: Multiply Line c by 5.1\% (.051).
This is the tax due - Write the result here and on Form RPU-13-X, Step 3, Line 11.
d $\qquad$

## RPU-13-X Worksheet A Instructions and Example

Instructions: You must complete Worksheet A if you are

- in the business of distributing, supplying, or furnishing electricity for use or consumption and not for resale, and
- not a municipal system or an electric cooperative.

Note: Keep your completed Worksheet A for each month in your filing period in your books and records.
Line a - Total number of kilowatt-hours you billed for electricity distributed during the period for which you are filing this return.
Line b3 - For each "other" deduction you take, you must describe the deduction and write the total kilowatt-hours distributed (i.e., bad checks, electricity sold or distributed to a municipal corporation that owns and operates a local transportation system for public service and is not subject to the Electricity Excise Tax or sales to a Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity-certified business, located in an enterprise zone.

## Lines e through n :

First step: Figure Lines e through n separately for each purchaser.
Second step: Per line, add all of the purchasers' amounts together.
Third step: Report the total amounts on the appropriate lines. See the example.

## Example:

Step 1: Figure the number of taxable kilowatt-hours (kwh)
a Total number of kilowatt-hours distributed.
b Deductions (only tax-exempt kilowatt-hours you included on Line a.)
1 Kilowatt-hours distributed in interstate commerce
2 Kilowatt-hours to be rebilled
3 Other Description
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
C Add Lines b1, b2, and b3. This amount is your total deduction.
d Subtract Line c from Line a. This is the number of taxable kilowatt-hours distributed.

b1 1,028
b2 $\qquad$
Kilowatt-hours

Step 2: Figure the tax due - See the instructions before completing Lines e through n .

|  | For the first 2,000 kwh distributed, multiply the number of kwh by .33¢ (.0033). e | 69,306 60 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | For the next 48,000 kwh distributed, multiply the number of kwh by .319¢ (.00319). | 153 12 |
| $g$ | For the next 50,000 kwh distributed, multiply the number of kwh by .303¢ (.00303). g | 151 \| 50 |
| h | For the next 400,000 kwh distributed, multiply the number of kwh by .297¢ (.00297).h | 1,188 00 |
|  | For the next 500,000 kwh distributed, multiply the number of kwh by .286¢ (.00286). | 1,430 00 |
|  | For the next 2 million kwh distributed, multiply the number of kwh by .27¢ (.0027). | 5,400 00 |
| k | For the next 2 million kwh distributed, multiply the number of kwh by .254¢ (.00254).k | 5,080 00 |
|  | For the next 5 million kwh distributed, multiply the number of kwh by .233¢ (.00233). I | 11,650 00 |
| m | For the next 10 million kwh distributed, multiply the number of kwh by .207¢ (.00207).m | 19,154 72 |
|  | For the number of kilowatt-hours distributed in excess of 20 million, multiply the number of kilowatt-hours by .202¢ (.00202). | 000 |

0 Add Lines e through $n$. This is the tax due - Write this amount here and on Form RPU-13-X, Step 3, Line 11. $0 \underline{113,513} \mid 94$

Step 3: Figure Lines e-o for the nonresidential and residential customers (Worksheet A)

Nonresidential customer
(19,253,486 kilowatt-hours)
$\begin{array}{lrrl}\text { Line e } & 2,000 \times r & .0033 & = \\ \text { Line f } & 48,000 \times 6.60 \\ \text { Line g } & 50,000 \times .00319 & = & \$ 153.12 \\ \text { Line h } & 400,000 \times .00303 & = & \$ 151.50 \\ \text { Line i } & 500,000 \times 297 & =\$ 1,188.00 \\ \text { Line j } & 2,000,000 \times 0286 & =\$ 1,430.00 \\ \text { Line k } & 2,000,000 \times .00270 & =\$ 5,400.00 \\ \text { Line I } & 5,000,000 \times 254 & =\$ 5,080.00 \\ \text { Line m } & 9,253,486 \times x & .00233 & =\$ 11,650.00 \\ \text { Line n }\end{array}$

Each residential customer
(30,000 customers each purchasing 700 kilowatt-hours)

$$
700 \times .0033=\$ 2.31 \times 30,000=\$ 69,300
$$

|  | Total non-residential <br> and residential <br> customers |  |  |
| ---: | :--- | ---: | :--- |
|  |  |  |  |
| $\$ 15.60+\$ 69,300$ | $=\$ 69,306.60$ |  |  |
| $\$ 153.12+$ | $\$ 0$ | $=\$$ | 153.12 |
| $\$ 151.50+$ | $\$ 0$ | $=\$ 151.50$ |  |
| $\$ 1,188.00+$ | $\$ 0$ | $=\$ 1,188.00$ |  |
| $\$ 1,430.00+$ | $\$ 0$ | $=\$ 1,430.00$ |  |
| $\$ 5,400.00+$ | $\$ 0$ | $=\$ 5,400.00$ |  |
| $\$ 5,080.00+$ | $\$ 0$ | $=\$ 5,080.00$ |  |
| $\$ 11,650.00+$ | $\$ 0$ | $=\$ 11,650.00$ |  |
| $\$ 19,154.72+$ | $\$ 0$ | $=\$ 19,154.72$ |  |

* Transfer the total to the corresponding line in Worksheet A.


